





speed. Centripetal acceleration; centripetal force. On

Curriculum Intent

To develop skilled knowledgeable independent practical scientists.

The curriculum will allow all students across the academy to become successful scientists. All students will be supported to develop their understanding, motivated to secure their knowledge, and challenged to exceed expectations and maximise their potential in science.

At KS5 students choose to study specialised sciences. In Physics they will significantly develop numeracy skills and increase their scientific literacy. Students will be encouraged to work independently both individually and as part of teams in their practical work, problem solving and presenting their understanding. The KS5 curriculum will help develop students for further scientific study beyond their A Level courses, and offer opportunities to explore scientific careers.

Content listed in italics is covered by students studying separate GCSE Sciences only.

The following skills are delivered across the two-year curriculum

Maths skills

SI Units, unit prefixes, powers of ten and standard form, using equations and algebra, simultaneous equations, using calculators.

Data handling, significant figures, straight line graphs and the equation of a straight line, calculating gradients, x and y-intercepts. Curved graphs, tangents, parabolic curves, inverse curves, area under a graph, integration, quadratic formula. Modelling.

Trigonometry; angles and arcs, degrees and radians, segments, area of a triangle, trig functions, Pythagoras, vector resolution and addition, trig identities, sine and cosine curves, the sine and cosine rules.

Logarithms, rules of logarithms, base 10, natural logarithms, exponential decrease.

Practical Skills

rules.

Making measurements, valid data, repeatable and reproducible data. Errors; systematic and random errors. Uncertainty, accuracy, precision. Repeat readings. Instruments; rulers, micrometers and Vernier callipers, timers, balances, voltmeters and ammeters, oscilloscopes, light gates, dataloggers, radiation detectors. Planning, obtaining data, variables, analysing data, evaluating results, presenting data, graph drawing including error bars, using experimental uncertainties.

Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term	
Teacher One	Teacher One	Teacher One	
Particles and Radiation	Mechanics and Materials (cont.)	Mechanics and Materials (cont.)	
Matter and Radiation	On The Move	Materials	
Particles and Radiation; structure of the atom,	Speed: displacement, velocity, average speed vs	Density. Springs; Hooke's Law, elastic limit, springs in	
isotopes, specific charge. The strong nuclear,	instantaneous speed, displacement time graphs.	series and parallel, elastic potential energy. Deformation	
radioactive decay. Photons: EM Waves, photon	Acceleration: uniform and non-uniform acceleration.	of solids; tensile and compressive forces, stress and	
energy, laser power. Antimatter; pair production,	Velocity-time graphs. Equations of Motion. Free-fall;	strain, Young's Modulus, elastic and plastic deformation,	
annihilation, E=mc ² . Particle Interactions, Feynman	acceleration due to gravity. Practical methods. Motion	breaking stress, ultimate tensile stress. Brittle and	
Diagrams, the weak nuclear force, Electron capture,	Graphs. Projectile Motion.	ductile materials. Loading and unloading, hysteresis	
force carriers/exchange particles.	Force and Acceleration	curves.	
Quarks and Leptons	Newton's first law of motion. F=ma. Newton's second		
The Particle Zoo, classifying particles; Hadrons,	law of motion, weight, gravitational field strength,	Further Mechanics	
Baryons, Mesons, Leptons, neutrinos. Quarks and	inertia. Using F=ma; trailers, rockets, lifts, pulleys,	Circular Motion	
antiquarks, kaons, pions, strangeness. Conservation	slopes. Terminal Speed; drag, motion through a fluid,	Uniform circular motion, angular displacement and	

motion of vehicles. On the road; thinking, braking and





Quantum Phenomena

The photoelectric effect; photon energy, threshold frequency, work function, stopping potential. The Vacuum Photocell. Electron Collisions; ionisation, the electronvolt, excitation. Energy levels: ground state, excited states, de-excitation, Fluorescence, excitation using photons. Spectra, The Bohr Atoms. Wave-particle duality, deBroglie Wavelength.

Mechanics and Materials

Force in Equilibrium

Vectors and Scalars, vector addition, vector resolution. Balanced forces. Systems in equilibrium. Moments: Centre of mass, moments calculations, couples. Stability; tilting and toppling. Equilibrium Rules; triangles of force. Statics calculations.

Teacher Two Waves and Optics

Waves

Electromagnetic and mechanical waves, longitudinal and transverse waves, polarisation. Displacement, amplitude, wavelength, period, frequency, wave speed, phase difference. Ripple tanks, reflection, refraction, diffraction, satellite dishes.

Superposition, stationary and progressive waves, interference, coherence.

Stationary waves; nodes and antinodes, harmonics. Oscilloscopes.

Optics

Refraction; refractive index, Snell's law, critical angle, total internal reflection, optical fibres, material and model dispersion.

Double slit interference, young's double slit experiment, fringe separation, path difference. Coherence, colour, light sources, white light. Diffraction, of water, single slit diffraction, diffraction gratings. Spectra; continuous, emission and absorption.

stopping distance. Vehicle Safety; impact forces, impact time, car safety features.

Force and Momentum

Momentum; recapping Newton's first and second law, rate of change of momentum, impulse, force-time graphs. Impact Forces, rebounds. Conservation of Momentum; Newton's third law of motion, collisions. Elastic and Inelastic collisions. Explosions.

Work, Energy and Power

Work and Energy; energy rules, energy stores, energy transfers, work done, force-distance graphs. Kinetic and potential energy. Power. Efficiency. Energy resources.

Teacher Two Electric Current Current and charge

Current, charge carriers, charge flow. Potential difference, electromotive force, electrical power. Resistance; Ohm's law, resistivity, superconductors. Components; circuit symbols, characteristics, IV graphs, diodes, resistance and temperature.

Direct Current Circuits

Circuit rules (Kirchhoff's laws); current rules, potential difference rules, series and parallel circuits.
Resistors; in series and parallel, resistance heating.
Electromotive force and internal resistance; terminal pd, lost volts, load resistance. Cells in series and parallel, diodes. The potential divider, variable potential dividers, sensor circuits.

the road; hills, roundabouts, corners, banked tracks. At the fairground; the big dipper, long swings, Big wheels. **Simple Harmonic Motion**

Oscillations, amplitude, period, frequency, angular frequency, phase difference. Variations of velocity and acceleration over time. Sime waves and their solutions. Applications of SHM; mass-spring systems, loaded springs, simple pendulums. Energy and SHM; free oscillations, damped oscillations. Forced oscillations; resonance, resonant frequency.

Teacher Two Thermal Physics

Thermal Physics

Internal energy, first law of thermodynamics, states of matter, temperature, thermal equilibrium, temperature scales, absolute zero. Specific heat capacity, inversion tube, continuous flow heating. Change of state, latent heat, temperature-time graphs.

Gases

Gas laws; Boyle's law, Charles' law, the pressure law. The ideal gas equation; Brownian motion, Avogadro's constant, molar mass, Boltzmann constant. Kinetic Theory of gases; assumptions of the theory, root mean square speed, deriving the kinetic theory equation.





Year 12 Impact.

Each topic includes the following assessments:

- End of Topic Knowledge Checker.
- CPAC assessment of required practicals
- Past paper practice

End of Term Synoptic assessment assesses all content from this term.

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- End of Topic Knowledge Checker.
- CPAC assessment of required practicals
- Past paper practice

End of Term Synoptic assessment assesses all content from the Autumn and Spring terms

Each topic includes the following assessments:

- End of Topic Knowledge Checker.
- CPAC assessment of required practicals
- Past paper practice

End of Year Synoptic assessment assesses all content from this year.

	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
	Teacher One	Teacher One	Revision of all A Level content.
entation.	Fields Gravitational Fields Gravitational Field Strength, free fall, radial and uniform fields. Gravitational Potential, potential gradient, gravitational potential energy. Newton's law of gravitation; Kepler's third law, universal constant of gravitation. Planetary fields, escape velocity. Satellite Motion, geo stationary satellites. Electric Fields Field Patterns; static electricity, electrical insulators,	Fields (cont.) Magnetic Fields Permanent magnets, magnetic field of a current carrying conductor, conductors inside magnetic fields, the motor effect, Fleming's left-hand rule, magnetic flux density coils in magnetic fields, simple electric motor. Moving charges in a magnetic field, electron beams, the Hall probe. Charged particles in circular orbits, cyclotron, the mass spectrometer. Electromagnetic Induction	Completion of outstanding required practicals. Paper 3 – practical skills practice. All other exam practice.
Year 13 Implementation	shuttle ball experiment, gold leaf electroscope, field lines. Electric Field Strength, electric field between two parallel plates, non-uniform fields, field factors. Electrical potential, the Van de Graaff generator, potential gradient, equipotentials. Coulomb's Law. Point Charges, radial fields. Comparing electric and gravitational fields. Capacitors Charging capacitors at constant current, capacitance. Energy stored in a charged capacitor, energy stored in a thundercloud. Charging and discharging a capacitor through a fixed resistor. Exponential increase and decrease, time constant. Dielectrics; relative permittivity. Capacitor design.	Induced emf, dynamos and the dynamo rule, Faraday. The law of electromagnetic induction; coils, currents and fields, Lenz's law. Faraday's Law, magnetic flux and flux linkage. The alternating current generator, back emf. Alternating current; power and heating effect of an alternating current. Transformers; transformer rules, step-up and step-down transformers, transformer efficiency and eddy currents. The national grid.	



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Teacher Two	Teacl	ner Two	Science
Nuclear Physics	Optio		
Radioactivity		nts will study one of the following options:	
Alpha, Beta, and Gamma scattering, the nucleus, n cloud chambers, absorpti range of radiation in air. I Inverse square law for ga radioactivity, hazards of i monitoring, background use of radioactive materizandom nature of rad	radiation. Rutherford uclear size. Ionisation, on tests, the Geiger tube, Nuclear decay equations. mma radiation. Dangers of onising radiation, radiation radiation, storage and safe als. Half-life, activity, ctive decay, the decay Argon dating, radioactive radioactivity. Decay lioactive series, nuclear dii, nuclear density. Ind annihilation. Binding lear stability, alpha particle sion, induced fission, chain un, Fusion reactors. The control rods, coolant, heat	Astrophysics Medical Physics	
	ollowing assessments: by wledge Checker. out of required practicals itice Each t out of required practicals	opic includes the following assessments: End of Topic Knowledge Checker. CPAC assessment of required practicals Past paper practice Two will take place during February.	A Level Exams start in late May and continue into June.